

x330 Series

Gigabit Layer 3 Access Switches

The Allied Telesis x330 Series Layer 3 Gigabit switches offer an impressive set of features in a compact fanless design, making them an ideal access solution for modern applications.



Overview

The Allied Telesis x330 Series provide an excellent access solution supporting Gigabit to the desktop for maximum performance. With Multi-Gigabit and 10 Gigabit copper and fiber uplinks, and a fanless design for silent operation, the x330 Series are ideal for the edge of business networks in the IoT era. With support for Layer 3 routing protocols, the x330 Series can also be deployed as distribution or small branch office core switches.

Manageable

The x330 Series run the advanced AlliedWare Plus™ fully featured operating system, delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard Command Line Interface (CLI). This reduces training requirements and is consistent across all AlliedWare Plus devices, simplifying management.

The web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI) is an easy-to-use and powerful management tool, with comprehensive monitoring facilities.

Network Management

Vista Manager™ EX bundled with Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework $^{\text{TM}}$ (AMF) meets the increasing management requirements of modern networks. While AMF allows an entire network to be securely and easily managed as a single virtual device, Vista Manager EX provides an intuitive and powerful graphical tool for monitoring and managing AMF wired, Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) wireless, and third party (SNMP) devices.

Cybersecurity

The x330 Series acting as AMF members are compatible with our AMF-Security solution, which enables a self-defending network. The AMF-Sec controller responds immediately to any internal malware threats by instructing the x330 Series to isolate the affected part of the network, and quarantine the

suspect device. Vista Manager EX alerts networks administrators of threats that have been dealt with.

Network protection

Advanced storm protection features include bandwidth limiting, policy-based storm protection and packet storm protection.

Network storms are often caused by cabling errors that result in a network loop. The x330 Series provide features to detect loops as soon as they are created. Loop detection and thrash limiting take immediate action to prevent network storms.

Secure

Network security is guaranteed, with powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, and other multi-layered security features built right in.

Network Access Control (NAC) gives unprecedented control over user access to the network, in order to mitigate threats to network infrastructure.

Allied Telesis x330 switches use 802.1x port-based authentication, in partnership with standards-compliant dynamic VLAN assignment, to assess a user's adherence to network security policies and either grant access or offer remediation. Tri-authentication ensures the network is only accessed by known users and devices. Secure access is also available for guests.

Security from malicious network attacks is provided by a comprehensive range of features such as DHCP snooping, STP root guard, BPDU protection and access control lists. Each of these can be configured to perform a variety of actions upon detection of a suspected attack.

Resilient

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Future-proof

The x330 Series are Software Defined Networking (SDN) ready and able to support OpenFlow v1.3.

ECO friendly

The x330 Series support Energy Efficient Ethernet, which automatically reduces the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port.

The x330 Series are fanless, providing silent operation, which makes them ideal for desktop or work area deployment.

Key Features

- ► AlliedWare Plus Enterprise-class operating system
- ► Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework[™] (AMF)
- ▶ Vista Manager EX compatible
- ► AMF-Security compatible
- ▶ 10G copper and fiber uplinks
- ► Multi-Gigabit (1/2.5/5/10G) port for flexible uplink options
- ► EPSRingTM and G.8032 for resilient
- ► EPSR Master
- ► Energy Efficient Ethernet saves power
- ► Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)
- ▶ Active Fiber Monitoring
- ► Static and dynamic routing
- ► Fanless design for silent operation
- ▶ Web-based Device GUI
- ► Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)
- ▶ Link Monitoring

















Key Features

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

► AMF is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the every-day running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management

Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™)

► The x330-20GTX and x330-28GTX can form a VCStack of up to six switches, with 40 Gbps of stacking bandwidth. VCStack provides a highlyavailable system in which network resources are spread out across stacked units, minimizing the impact should any unit fail.

Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™)

- ➤ EPSRing allows several x330 switches to join a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high availability in enterprise networks.
- ► The x330 Series can act as the ESPR Master, or be deployed as an EPSR transit node.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR. Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Access Control Lists (ACLs)

➤ The x330 Series feature industry-standard access control functionality through ACLs. ACLs filter network traffic to control whether packets are forwarded or blocked at the port interface. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way. An example of this would be to provide traffic flow control.

VLAN ACLs

Simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. Access Control Lists (ACLs) can be applied to a Virtual LAN (VLAN) as well as a specific port.

Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)

 UFO lets you manage which ports in a VLAN can communicate with each other, and which only have upstream access to services, for secure multi-user deployment.

Easy To Manage

- The AlliedWare Plus operating system incorporates an industry standard CLI, facilitating intuitive manageability.
- With three distinct modes, the CLI is very secure, and the use of SSHv2 encrypted and strongly authenticated remote login sessions ensures CLI access is not compromised.

- As a Layer 3 switch, a static route can be added to allow a user in a different subnet to manage the switch
- The Device GUI enables graphical monitoring and management of the switch, simplifying administration

Open Shortest Path First (OSPFv2,OSPFv3)

 OSPF is a scalable and adaptive routing protocol for IP networks. The addition of OSPFv3 provides support for IPv6 and further strength for next generation networking.

Storm protection

- Advanced packet storm control features protect the network from broadcast storms: Bandwidth limiting minimizes the effects of the storm by reducing the amount of flooding traffic.
- ▶ Policy-based storm protection is more powerful than bandwidth limiting. It restricts storm damage to within the storming VLAN, and it provides the flexibility to define the traffic rate that creates a broadcast storm. The action the device should take when it detects a storm can be configured, such as disabling the port from the VLAN or shutting the port down.
- Packet storm protection allows limits to be set on the broadcast reception rate, multicast frames and destination lookup failures. In addition, separate limits can be set to specify when the device will discard each of the different packet types.

sFlow

SFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure a real-time view of network traffic.

Loop protection

- Thrash limiting, also known as Rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.
- ▶ With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special packets, called Loop Detection Frames (LDF), that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, one can choose to disable the port, disable the link, or send an SNMP trap.

Tri-authentication

▶ Authentication options on the x330 Series include alternatives to 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication, to enable guest access and MAC authentication for end points that do not have an 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods—802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port, resulting in tri-authentication.

TACACS+ Command Authorization

► TACACS+ Command Authorization offers centralized control over which commands may be issued by each specific AlliedWare Plus device user. It complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution.

Premium Software License

▶ By default, the x330 Series offer a comprehensive Layer 2 and basic Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv6 management features. The feature set can easily be elevated to full Layer 3 by applying the premium software license. This adds dynamic routing protocols and Layer 3 multicasting capabilities.

Unidirectional Link Detection

Unidirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

Active Fiber Monitoring

Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)

 MSDP enables two or more PIM-SM (Sparse Mode) domains to share information on active multicast sources, for more efficient forwarding of multicast traffic.

Link Monitoring (Linkmon)

▶ Linkmon enables network health monitoring by regularly sending probes over key links to gather metrics comprising latency, jitter, and probe loss. This supports pro-active network management, and can also be used with triggers to automate a change to device or network configuration in response to the declining health of a monitored link.

VLAN Translation

- VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing interface.
- Service Providers can provide customers with a unique VLAN ID, which can be changed for data transfer through the SP's network.
- In the Enterprise, it can be used to merge two networks together, without manually reconfiguring the VLAN numbering scheme.

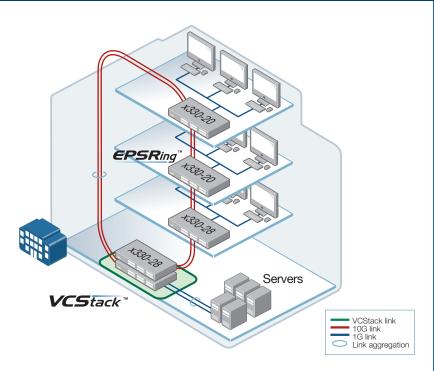
2 | x330 Series AlliedTelesis.com

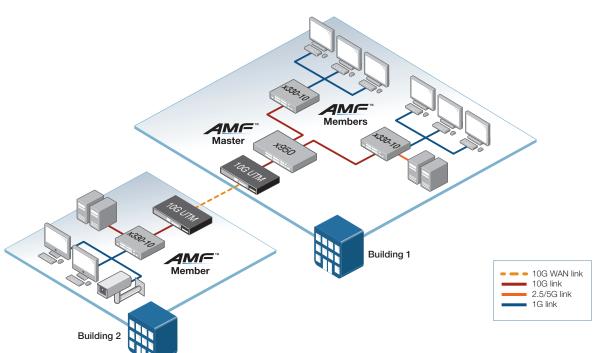
Key Solutions

Resilient small network core

The x330-20GTX and x330-28GTX can form a VCStack of up to 6 switches to provide load-sharing and network redundancy for flexible deployment. With the addition of dynamic routing and multicasting capability, the x330-20GTX and x330-28GTX are ideal as a resilient small network core solution.

The x330 series support EPSR master capability with no feature license required. With EPSRing, the x330 series can deliver high-performance resilient ring connectivity with automatic recovery in as little as 50ms.





Flexible deployment

The fanless and compact design of the x330-10GTX makes it ideal for use in office spaces where quiet operation is required. Advanced network control features ensure secure always-on access to online resources and applications.

10 Gigabit uplinks from the x330-10GTX edge switches provides maximum throughput, and business buildings can be connected with secure 10G WAN connectivity for high performance. The flexible x330 series are capable of connecting at 2.5G and 5G Multi-Gigabit speeds, which enables fully flexible deployment that maximizes network and building infrastructure.

NETWORK SMARTER x330 Series | 3

Specifications

Performance

- Supports 10KB L2 jumbo frames for 2.5G connections, or 12KB for all other connection speeds
- ▶ Wire speed multicasting
- ▶ 4094 configurable VLANs
- ▶ 16K MAC addresses
- ▶ 1GB DDR3 SDRAM, 256MB NAND flash memory
- ► Packet buffer memory: 2MB

Reliability

- ► Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ► Temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability

- Create a VCStack of up to six x330-20GTX and x330-28GTX switches
- ▶ Versatile licensing options for additional features

Flexibility and Compatibility

- ▶ 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
- ➤ The 1/2.5/5/10G Multi-Gigabit port enables flexible uplink options, and support for legacy cabling
- ► Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation
- Front-panel SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 1G/10G Ethernet ports

Diagnostic Tools

- ➤ Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS
- ► Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ▶ Ping polling and traceroute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ► Find-me device locator
- ► Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ► Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)
- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links

IPv4 Features

- ► Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing
- Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- ▶ UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)
- ▶ Directed broadcast forwarding
- ▶ Black hole routing
- DNS relay
- ► Route redistribution (OSPF and RIP)
- Policy-based routing

IPv6 Features

- ▶ Device management over IPv6 networks with
- SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- ► IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- ▶ Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6

- NTPv6 client and server
- ► DNSv6 client, DNSv6 relay
- DHCPv6 client and relay
- ► Static IPv6 unicast and multicast routing
- IPv6 aware storm protection and QoS
- ► IPv6 hardware ACLs

Management

- ► Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- Built-in text editor and powerful CLI scripting engine
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices
- ► Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery.

Quality of Service

- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on Layer 2, 3 and 4 headers
- Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- ► Extensive remarking capabilities
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ► Type of Services (ToS) IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers
- Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- ► Policy-based storm protection
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications

Resiliency Features

- ► EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with Super Loop Protection (SLP) and enhanced recovery
- ▶ STP root guard
- ► Loop protection: thrash limiting and loop detection
- Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- ► PVST+ compatibility mode
- ▶ BPDU forwarding
- VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

➤ SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports

Security Features

- MAC address filtering and MAC address lockdown
- ► Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ▶ Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- ► Secure Copy (SCP)
- ► BPDU protection
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x
- ► DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- ► DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ► Strong password security and encryption
- Auth fail and guest VLANs
- ► Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client
- Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- ► RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port

Environmental Specifications

- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
- Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- Operating altitude: 3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Software Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow v1.3 with support for encryption, connection interruption and inactivity probe

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

- ► EMC: EN55032 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A
- ► Immunity: EN55035, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) AC models only

Safety

- Standards: UL62368-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2
 No.62368-1, EN62368-1, EN60825-1, AS/ NZS62368.1
- ► Certification: UL, cUL

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ► EU RoHS compliant
- ► China RoHS compliant

4 | x330 Series AlliedTelesis.com

Product Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	1/2.5/5/10GT COPPER PORT	1/10G SFP+ PORT	TOTAL PORTS	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE
x330-10GTX	8	1	1	10	56Gbps	41.6Mpps
x330-20GTX	16	2	2	20	72Gbp	83.3Mpps
x330-28GTX	24	2	2	28	128Gbp	95.2Mpps

Physical Specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WEI	PACKAGED DIMENSIONS	
11100001	WIDTH X DEI TH X HEIGHT	Modernia	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	I AGRAGED DIMERGIONS
x330-10GTX	263 x 179 x 38 mm (10.35 x 7.04 x 1.497 in)	Rack-mount	1.6 kg (3.53 lb)	2.97 kg (6.55 lb)	462 x 258 x 107 mm (18.19 x 10.15 x 4.21 in)
x330-20GTX	341 x 231 x 44 mm (13.42 x 9.09 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	3.0 kg (6.61 lb)	4.42 kg (9.74 lb)	530 x 360 x 120 mm (20.86 x 14.17 x 4.72 in)
x330-28GTX	341 x 231 x 44 mm (13.42 x 9.09 x 1.73 in)	Rack-mount	3.1 kg (6.84 lb)	4.42 kg (9.74 lb)	530 x 360 x 120 mm (20.86 x 14.17 x 4.72 in)

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED					
FNUDUGI	100MBPS	1GBPS	2.5GBPS	5GBPS	10GBPS	
x330-10GTX	6.22	3.68	3.24	2.86	1.73	
x330-20GTX	7.32	3.73	3.48	3.13	1.87	
x330-28GTX	7.18	3.71	3.39	3.04	1.82	

Power Characteristics

PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION(W)	MAX HEAT Dissipation(BTU/H)	
x330-10GTX	21	71	
x330-20GTX	28	96	
x330-28GTX	33	114	

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.5.2-2

Authentication

RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

Cryptographic Algorithms FIPS Approved Algorithms

Encryption (Block Ciphers):

- ► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
- ▶ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes) Block Cipher Modes
- ► CCM
- ▶ CMAC
- ► GCM
- ► XTS

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

- ▶ DSA
- ▶ ECDSA
- ► RSA

Secure Hashing:

- ► SHA-1
- ► SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512) Message Authentication:
- ► HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512) Random Number Generation:
- ► DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256)

DES

Encryption (management traffic only)

FIPS 180-1 Secure Hash standard (SHA-1) FIPS 186 Digital signature standard (RSA) FIPS 46-3 Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES)

Ethernet Standards

IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC) IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

IEEE 802.3ab1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3ae10 Gigabit Ethernet

IEEE 802.3azEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)

IEEE 802.3bz 2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T ("multi-gigabit")

IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X

IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation

IFFF 802 37 1000BASE-X

IPv4 Features

IF V4 FE	atures
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 826	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP
	datagrams over Ethernet networks
RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams
RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the
	presence of subnets
RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme
RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure
RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)
RFC 1027	Proxy ARP
RFC 1035	DNS client
RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP
	datagrams over IEEE 802 networks
RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum
RFC 1122	Internet host requirements
RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery
RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages
RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with
	CIDR
RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
RFC 1542	Clarifications and extensions for BootP
RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)
RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers
RFC 1918	IP addressing

IPv6 Features

RFC 2581

RFC 1981 Path MTU discovery for IPv6 RFC 2460 IPv6 specification

TCP congestion control

Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet RFC 2464 networks

RFC 4193

RFC 2711

RFC 3484

RFC 3587

Default address selection for IPv6 IPv6 global unicast address format

RFC 3596 DNS extensions to support IPv6 RFC 4007 IPv6 scoped address architecture Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses

IPv6 router alert option

RFC 4213 Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and

RFC 4291 IPv6 addressing architecture RFC 4443 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) RFC 4861 Neighbor discovery for IPv6

RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration

(SLAAC) RFC 5014 IPv6 socket API for source address selection RFC 5095 Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option RFC 5175

RFC 6105 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

Management AT Enterprise MIB including AMF MIB and SNMP traps Optical DDM MIB

SNMPv1, v2c and v3 IEEE 802.1ABLink Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)

Structure and identification of management RFC 1155 information for TCP/IP-based Internets

RFC 1157 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

RFC 1212 Concise MIB definitions

MIB for network management of TCP/ RFC 1213 IP-based Internets: MIR-II

RFC 1215 Convention for defining traps for use with the

RFC 1227 SNMP MUX protocol and MIB Standard MIR RFC 1239

RIPv2 MIR extension RFC 1724 RFC 2578 Structure of Management Information v2

RFC 2579 Textual conventions for SMIv2 RFC 2580 Conformance statements for SMIv2 RFC 2674 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and

VLAN extensions Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol

RFC 2741 Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RFC 2787 RFC 2819 RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)

RFC 2863 Interfaces group MIB

NETWORK SMARTER x330 Series | 5

x330 Series | Gigabit Layer 3 Access Switches

RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in	Open S	nortest Path First (OSPF)	RFC 2865	RADIUS authentication
	switched and routed networks	OSPF link-lo	ocal signaling	RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting
RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP	OSPF MD5	authentication	RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
	management frameworks	Out-of-band	LSDB resync	RFC 2986	PKCS #10: certification request syntax
RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the	RFC 1245	OSPF protocol analysis		specification v1.7
	SNMP	RFC 1246	Experience with the OSPF protocol	RFC 3546	Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
RFC 3413	SNMP applications	RFC 1370	Applicability statement for OSPF	RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentica-
RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for	RFC 1765	OSPF database overflow	tion	
	SNMPv3	RFC 2328	OSPFv2		Protocol (EAP)
RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM)	RFC 2370	OSPF opaque LSA option	RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
	for SNMP	RFC 2740	OSPFv3 for IPv6	RFC 3748	PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the	RFC 3101	OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option	RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
	SNMP	RFC 3509	Alternative implementations of OSPF area	RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP		border routers	RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP	RFC 3623	Graceful OSPF restart	RFC 4254	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the	RFC 3630	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF	RFC 5246	Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2
	Ethernet-like interface types	RFC 4552	Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3	RFC 5280	X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation
RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB	RFC 5329	Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3		List (CRL) profile
RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	RFC 5340	OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support)	RFC 5425	Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport mapping for Syslog
RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	Ouglitu	of Comice (OoC)	RFC 5656	Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	-	of Service (QoS)	RFC 6125	Domain-based application service identity
RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB		Priority tagging	111 0 0120	within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS
RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 2211	Specification of the controlled-load network	RFC 6614	Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for
RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges	DEO 0474	element service	111 0 0014	RADIUS
111 0 4010	with RSTP	RFC 2474	DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port	RFC 6668	SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH
RFC 4502	RMON 2	RFC 2475	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)	111 0 0000	on A 2 data integrity verification for oon
RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote	RFC 2597	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) A single-rate three-color marker	Service	9
111 0 1000	ping, traceroute and lookup operations	RFC 2697 RFC 2698	A two-rate three-color marker	RFC 854	Telnet protocol specification
RFC 5424	The Syslog protocol	RFC 3246	DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)	RFC 855	Telnet option specifications
RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3	111 0 3240	Diffort Expedited Forwarding (Er)	RFC 857	Telnet echo option
		Resilier	ncy Features		Telnet suppress go ahead option
	st Support		ncy Features	RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option Telnet terminal-type option
Multica	st Support outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM		23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection		Telnet terminal-type option
Multica Bootstrap R	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM	ITU-T G.802	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS)	RFC 858 RFC 1091	
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation	ITU-T G.802	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP)	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1a	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP)	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2)	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.1/ IEEE 802.1/ IEEE 802.18 IEEE 802.18	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) V Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIM	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) I SSM for IPv6	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.1/ IEEE 802.1/ IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.1\ IEEE 802.3	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) 19 CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) 10 AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) 20 MAC bridges 21 Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) 22 V Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) 23 adStatic and dynamic link aggregation	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) M SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.1/ IEEE 802.1/ IEEE 802.18 IEEE 802.18	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) V Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) adStatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIM	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) I SSM for IPv6	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.1/ IEEE 802.1/ IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.1\ IEEE 802.3	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) 19 CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) 10 AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) 20 MAC bridges 21 Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) 22 V Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) 23 adStatic and dynamic link aggregation	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) A SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) V Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) adStatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) A SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2)	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.13 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) addStatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82)
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) A SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798 Routing RFC 1058	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) additatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 2822 RFC 3046	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation solicitation gl(GMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) MSSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.13 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) adStatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3335	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation solicitation (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) M SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798 Routing RFC 1058 RFC 2080	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) additatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation solicitation (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) solicitation sing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) M SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.17 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.35 RFC 5798 RFC 1058 RFC 2080 RFC 2081 RFC 2082	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) adstatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6 RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation solicitation (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) sing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) A SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798 Routing RFC 1058 RFC 2080 RFC 2081	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) adstatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6 RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) A SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798 ROuting RFC 1058 RFC 2080 RFC 2081 RFC 2082 RFC 2082 RFC 2082	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) adstatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6 RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 SUbscriber-ID suboption for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3618 RFC 3810	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) A SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798 ROuting RFC 1058 RFC 2080 RFC 2081 RFC 2082 RFC 2082 RFC 2082	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) AdStatic and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6 RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication RIPv2 V Features	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 4330	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3618	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) A SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP)	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 RFC 5798 ROuting RFC 1058 RFC 2080 RFC 2081 RFC 2082 RFC 2453 Security	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Static and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6 RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication RIPv2 V Features Login	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2822 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIN RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3306 RFC 3376 RFC 3618 RFC 3810 RFC 3956	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) M SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Listener Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.31 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798 ROuting RFC 1058 RFC 2080 RFC 2081 RFC 2082 RFC 2453 Securit; SSH remote SSLv2 and	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Vapid Static and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6 RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication RIPv2 V Features Login	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN S Generic VLA	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (MTP) version 4 upport NR Registration Protocol (GVRP)
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIM RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3376 RFC 3376 RFC 3618 RFC 3810 RFC 3956 RFC 3973	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) nd SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address PIM Dense Mode (DM)	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.11 IEEE 802.31 IEEE 802.33 RFC 5798 ROuting RFC 1058 RFC 2080 RFC 2081 RFC 2082 RFC 2453 Securit; SSH remote SSLv2 and	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Kapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) Add Static and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6 RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication RIPv2 Y Features Login SSLv3	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3046 RFC 3315 RFC 3633 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN S Generic VLA	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
Multica Bootstrap R IGMP query IGMP snoop IGMP/MLD MLD snoopi PIM and PIM RFC 1112 RFC 2236 RFC 2710 RFC 2715 RFC 3376 RFC 3376 RFC 3618 RFC 3810 RFC 3956 RFC 3956 RFC 3973 RFC 4541	outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM solicitation ing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) ing fast-leave multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) ng (MLDv1 and v2) A SSM for IPv6 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses IGMPv3 Multicast Listener Discovery Protocol (MSDP) Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address PIM Dense Mode (DM) IGMP and MLD snooping switches	ITU-T G.802 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.14 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.15 IEEE 802.36 RFC 5798 ROuting RFC 1058 RFC 2080 RFC 2081 RFC 2082 RFC 2453 Security SSH remote SSLv2 and TACACS+ A	23 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Ig CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) XXLink aggregation (static and LACP) MAC bridges Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Kapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) Kapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) Add Static and dynamic link aggregation Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 Information Protocol (RIP) Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RIPng for IPv6 RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication RIPv2 V Features Login SSLv3 ccounting, Authentication and Authorization	RFC 858 RFC 1091 RFC 1350 RFC 1985 RFC 2049 RFC 2131 RFC 2132 RFC 2616 RFC 2821 RFC 3315 RFC 3315 RFC 3646 RFC 3993 RFC 4330 RFC 5905 VLAN S Generic VLA IEEE 802.1a IEEE 802.1a	Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) SMTP service extension MIME DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82) DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 LUPPORT NR Registration Protocol (GVRP) d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) to Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges
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6 | x330 Series AlliedTelesis.com

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x330-01	x330 Premium license	 ▶ OSPF¹ (256 routes) ▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM v4 ▶ RIPng² (256 routes) ▶ OSPFv3² (256 routes) ▶ PIM-SMv6/SSMv6 ▶ MLD v1/v2 ▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) ▶ VLAN translation 	➤ One license per stack member
AT-FL-x330-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	► G.8032 ring protection ► Ethernet CFM	➤ One license per stack
AT-FL-x330-0F13-1YR	OpenFlow license	► OpenFlow v1.3 for 1 year	Not supported on a stack
AT-FL-x330-0F13-5YR	OpenFlow license	► OpenFlow v1.3 for 5 years	Not supported on a stack

¹ The standard switch software supports 1,000 IPv4 Static, 256 RIP, and 64 OSPF routes

Ordering Information

Model availability can vary between regions. Please check to see which models are available in your region.

AT-x330-10GTX-xx

8-port 10/100/1000T switch, with 1 x 1/2.5/5/10G copper port, 1 x SFP/SFP+ port, and 1 fixed PSII

AT-x330-20GTX-xx

16-port 10/100/1000T switch, with 2 x 1/2.5/5/10G copper ports, 2 x SFP/SFP+ ports, and1 fixed PSU

AT-x330-28GTX-xx

24-port 10/100/1000T switch, with 2 x 1/2.5/5/10G copper ports, 2 x SFP/SFP+ ports, and 1 fixed PSU

AT-RKMT-J05

Rack Mount Tray for x330-10GTX

AT-RKMT-J13

Rack Mount Kit for x330-20GTX and x330-28GTX

AT-BRKT-J23

Wall mount kit for x330-10GTX

AT-BRKT-J24

Wall mount kit for x330-20GTX and x330-28GTX

AT-VT-Kit3

Management Cable (USB to Serial Console)

50 for European power cord

AT-STND-J03

Stand-kit for AT-x330-28GTX

Where x = 10 for US power cord 30 for UK power cord 40 for Australian power cord

³ Trade Act Agreement compliant

10G SFP+ Modules

Any 10G SFP+ module or cable can be used for stacking with the front panel 10G ports

AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LR20/I

10GER 1310 nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10TM

1G/2.5G/5G/10G, 100m copper, TAA3

AT-SP10BD10/I-12

10 GbE Bi-Di (1270 nm Tx, 1330 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature, TAA^3

AT-SP10BD10/I-13

10 GbE Bi-Di (1330 nm Tx, 1270 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature, TAA^3

AT-SP10BD20-12

10 GbE Bi-Di (1270 nm Tx, 1330 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km, $TAA^{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$

AT-SP10BD20-13

10 GbE Bi-Di (1330 nm Tx, 1270 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km, TAA $^{\rm 3}$

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10a

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD10-13

1000LX (LC) GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD10-14

1000LX (LC) GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD20-13/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km $\,$

AT-SPBD20-14/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

AT-SPBD40-13/I

1000LX (LC) GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD40-14/I

1000LX (LC) GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

AT-SPTX

10/100/1000 TX (RJ45), up to 100 m



² The standard switch software supports 1,000 IPv6 Static, and no RIPng or OSPFv3 routes